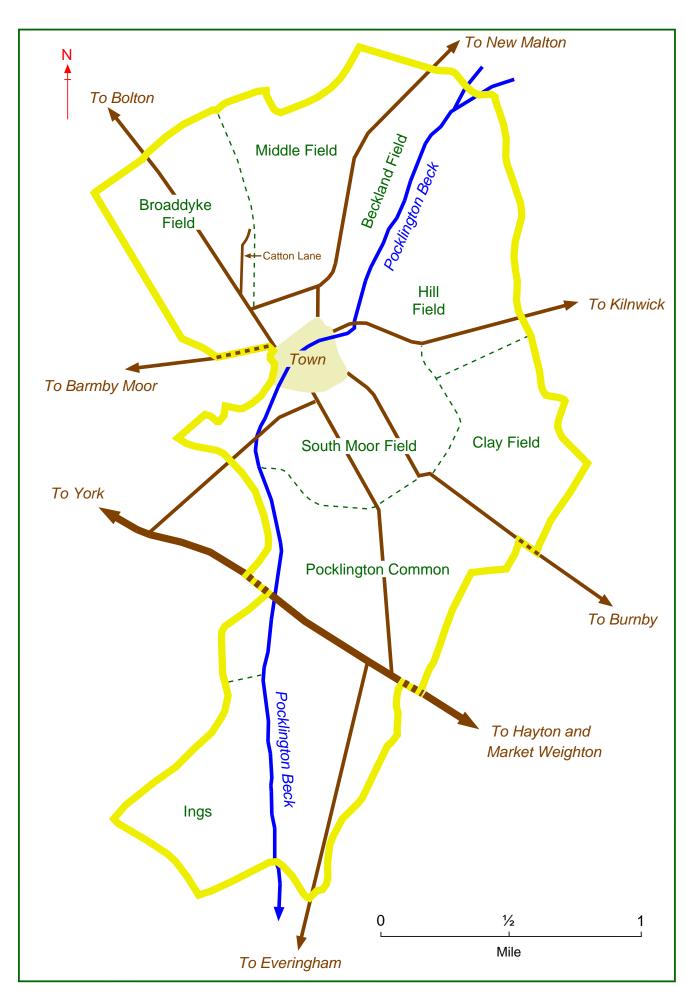
# **30cklington 39arish** showing the open fields in 1756 and the enclosure award roads in 1759



Based on a sketch map drawn by Barbara and Roger Bellingham and published in The Local Historian May 1995

### The 1759 Award lists the Fields / Common and the Parts of the Field or the Common in which the land awarded lies

#### Beckland Field

Becklands Broad Ings Lands Ing Lands Ousethorpe Hole

#### Broaddyke Field

3 Roods
5 Roods
Broaddykes
Broaddyke Close
Long Wandills
Normans

Normans Stintings
Pit Lands
Sand Lands
Short Wandills
Shortlands
Water Flashes

#### Clay Field

Beyond Caukey Beck
Bishops Croft
Burnby Moor Lands
Far Sour Tofts
Long Skeetings
Low Skeetings
Middle Sour Tofts
Smelling Gap
(lately used as a road leading into

Clay field)
Sour Toft Lane

Upper Skeetings West Lands

#### Common

Build Hill
Calf Ing
Carr
Cowhold
Holm Leys
Outgang
Oxhold
Peatholme Leys
Prick Moor
South Moor
Sykes
Wandills
West Green

#### Hill Field

Angram Garth Lands Back Of Angram Garth Lands

Brants Brea Gates

#### Hill Field (continued)

Buckshaws
Clock Mill Lands
Dumplins (perhaps land in depression)
Foreside of Chapel Hill

Kilnwick Gate Lands
Low End of Brants
Middle Acres
Sand Lands

Stoney Raggs (possibly Stoncrags)

Underwoods

#### Ings

Bull Tongue Fore Ings Long Fall Tofts

#### Middle Field

Broats
Burtree Stubs
Kirklands
Lands Dyke Acres
Long Broad Ing Lands
Middle Balks
Middle Bulls
North Balks
North Bulls
Ousethorp Hole
Reng Lands
Short Broad Ing Lands
South Balks
South Bulls
Stump Cross
Town End

Town End
Townend Lands
Tweengates
Whinlands
Willow Close Lands

#### South Moor

Beggar Bush Lands
(haunt of beggars; useless land)
Bottoms (Closes?)
Far Stone Hows
Foul Dike
Near Stone Hows
Longlands
Peathorn Lands
Short Foulsykes
Tenter Row
Tweengates

#### Some definitions from the English Field Names (John Field) and the

## Local Historians Encyclopedia (John Richardson)

Bottom: Hollow or Dell

Brae: Hill side

Brant: Share of common field / strip

of land

Flash: Shallow pool

Green: Colour, indicating marshy

land

Holme: A portion of water meadow or

higher drier land in marshes

Ing: Pasture by a meadow;

common meadow

Ley: Grass land (quite often arable

land newly laid down to pasture & then ploughed out

again)

Outgang: Path taken for cattle from

enclosed land to common

Pit: Pit or quarry

Ring Lands: Twisted arable strips; land containing stone circles

containing stone circ

Sour: Acid or poor land

Skeeting: Not shown but perhaps linked

to shoot so outlying strip or

land

Stubbs: Place where many trees have

been felled

Syke: Meadow by a stream

Toft: Plot of land on which building

had stood

Tween: Land between feature

Wandale: Strip of land in open field

Whin: Gorse